578. l 19
6

GENEALOGICAL NOTES

RESPECTING

The ELDEST SONS of the SCOTS PEERS and MASTERS who ſat in PARLIAMENT.

1. *Alexander Maſter of Erſkine,*

SAT in the Parliaments 1478-9, 1481, 1481-2, 1484, 1484-5, 1491, was the ſon of Thomas ninth Lord Erſkine. Douglas's Peerage, page 468; Crawford's Peerage, page 300.

2. *Adam Master of Hailes,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1478-9, 1481, was the ſon of Patrick the firſt Lord Hailes, proven by Charter produced 13th October 1475; alſo Douglas's Peerage, page 84. Lindeſay of Pitſcottie, and other Scots Hiſtorians, take notice of this perſon, and accuſe him of an intrigue with Margaret of Gueldres, widow of James II. See Lindeſay of Pitſcottie, page 69.

3. *John*

3. *John Maſter of Morton,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1481-2, 1487, 1491-2, the ſon of James firſt Earl of Morton, by the Lady Jean, daughter of James I. of Scotland, and ſiſter of James II. Douglas's Peerage, page 492, and the authorities there quoted; alſo Crawford's Peerage, page 351; and Crawford's Hiſtory of the Family of Stewart, page 25.

4. *Alexander Master of Crawford,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1481-2, 1484, 1484-5, 1487, the ſon of David fourth Earl of Crawford, who was raiſed to the dignity of Duke of Montroſe, which he only enjoyed during life. Alexander, the Maſter, died before his father, anno 1492. See Douglas, page 158; Crawford's Peerage, page 84; and Lives of the Officers of State, page 323.

5. *William Master of Keith,*

Sat in the Parliament 1481-2, eldeſt ſon of William ſecond Earl Mariſhal. Douglas's Peerage, page 453.

6. *William Master of Somerville,*

Sat in the Parliament 1481-2, eldeſt ſon of John third Lord Somerville. He predeceaſed his father in 1488, leaving a ſon. Douglas's Peerage, page 628; Charter produced 2d May 1477.

7. *Robert Master of Kilmaurs,*

Sat in the Parliament 1484, eldeſt ſon of Alexander Lord Kilmaurs, firſt Earl of Glencairn. Douglas, page 292; Crawford, page 168.

8. *Alexander*

8. *Alexander Master of Huntley,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1485, 1787-8, eldeſt ſon of George ſecond Earl of Huntley. He was afterwards Alexander third Earl of Huntley, and commanded the right wing of the army at the battle of Flowden. Douglas, page 299; Officers of State, page 57; Buchanan, page 465; Abercrombie, vol. ii. page 535; Charter produced 16th December 1482.

9. *George Master of Angus,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1487-8, 1489-90, eldeſt ſon of Archibald fifth Earl of Angus, Lord High Chancellor of Scotland in the reign of James III. This George fell, in his father's lifetime, at Flowdenfield. Abercrombie, vol. ii. page 446 and 540; Officers of State, page 55; Douglas, page 191; Crawford's Peerage, page 101; Charter produced ult. Januarij 1488.

10. *Archibald Master of Argyle,*

Sat in the Parliament 1488, ſon of Archibald firſt Earl of Argyle, Lord High Chancellor of Scotland. He ſucceeded his father, and was killed at Flowdenfield. Officers of State, page 47; Douglas, page 38; Abercrombie, page 540.

11. *Matthew Master of Lennox,*

Sat in the Parliament 1488, ſon of John Lord Darnley, firſt Earl of Lennox. He ſucceeded his father, and was ſecond Earl of Lennox; he commanded one diviſion of the army, and was killed at Flowden. Douglas, page 401; Buchanan, book 13, cap. 38; Hiſtory of the Family of Stewart, page 74.

12. *John*

12. *John Master of Glammis,*

Sat in the Parliament 1488, eldeſt ſon of John fifth Lord Glammis. Douglas, page 657; Crawford, page 469.

13. *Alexander Master of Hume,*

Sat in the Parliament 1503-4, eldeſt ſon of Alexander ſecond Lord Hume. He was, in his father's life, appointed Great Chamberlain of Scotland; he was, under the Regency of Albany, in the reign of James V., condemned and executed for high treaſon, 11th October 1516. Douglas, page 345; Officers of State, page 323; Buchanan, lib. 14, cap. 7.

14. *William Master of Errol,*

Sat in the Parliament 1503-4, eldeſt ſon of William fourth Earl of Errol, himſelf afterwards fifth Earl, and killed at the battle of Flowden. Douglas, page 252; Crawford's Peerage, page 139.

15. *John Maſter of Lindſay,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1524-5, 1525, eldeſt ſon of Patrick fifth Lord Lindſay of the Byres; he predeceaſed his father, leaving children. Douglas, page 161. Charter produced, 4th June 1498.

16. *John Maſter of Borthwick,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1540, 1540-1, 1542, the eldeſt ſon of William fourth Lord Borthwick. Douglas's Peerage, page 78.

17. *Patrick*

17. *Patrick Maſter of Ruthven,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1540-1, 1542, the eldeſt ſon of William ſecond Lord Ruthven; he ſucceeded his father, and was third Lord Ruthven. It was he who was concerned in the aſſaſſination of David Rizio. His ſon William Earl of Gowrie, was, in the reign of James VI. under the adminiſtration of the Earl of Arran, beheaded at Stirling the 28th May 1584; and his grandſon John Earl of Gowrie was killed at Perth, and his honours and eſtate afterwards declared to be forfeited for his treaſonable attempt to ſeize the perſon of James VI. on the 5th Auguſt 1600. Douglas's Peerage, page 305; Officers of State, page 383.

18. *Robert Maſter of Montroſe,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1542, 1543, 1546, eldeſt ſon of William ſecond Earl of Montroſe. He died before his father, being killed at the battle of Pinkie in 1547, leaving a ſon John, afterwards noticed, who, during his grandfather's life, was denominated Maſter of Montroſe. Douglas's Peerage, page 483; Officers of State, page 152; Keith's Hiſtory, page 54.

19. *Hugh Maſter of Eglintoun,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1543, 1543, 1544, eldeſt ſon of Hugh ſecond Earl of Eglintoun. Douglas's Peerage, page 230; Crawford, page 129.

20. *Robert Maſter of Erſkine,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1543, 1546, 1546. He was the eldeſt ſon of John twelfth Lord Erſkine; he married Lady Margaret Graham, a daughter of William Earl of Montroſe, was taken priſoner at the rout of Sol-

way, and ranſomed *anno* 1543, and was afterwards killed at the battle of Pinkey *anno* 1547; he died without iſſue before his father, who was ſucceeded by another ſon, John Earl of Mar, afterwards regent of Scotland. Douglas's Peerage, page 462; Keith's Hiſtory, page 54; Charter produced 20th May 1536.

21. *John Maſter of Buchan,*

Sat in the Parliament 1543, ſon and heir of John Earl of Buchan; he alſo predeceaſed his father, having been killed at the battle of Pinkey in 1547. Douglas's Peerage, page 92; Crawford's Hiſtory of the Stewarts, page 84.

22. *Robert Maſter of Sempill,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1544, 1545, 1546, 1546, eldeſt ſon of William ſecond Lord Sempill. He was, during his father's life, taken priſoner at the battle of Pinkey, and after his father's death, fought on the ſide of the Regent at the battle of Langſide. Maitland's Hiſtory of Scotland, page 876; Douglas's Peerage, page 618; Spottiſwood's Hiſtory, book 5th, page 216; Charter produced 23d February 1532.

23. *Robert Maſter of Roſs,*

Sat in the Parliament 1544, eldeſt ſon of Ninian ſecond Lord Roſs; he was killed at the battle of Pinkey during his father's life, *anno* 1547. Maitland's Hiſtory of Scotland, page 876; Douglas's Peerage, page 582; Crawford's Peerage, page 426; Keith's Hiſtory, page 54.

24. *Norman Maſter of Rothes,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1544, 1545, eldeſt ſon of George fourth Earl of Rothes. This was the Norman Leſlie of whom Buchanan ſays, "Normano Leſlio Comitis Rothuſiæ filio (qui Scoticæ juventutis in

"omni

"omni virtutum genere, tum facile princeps erat)." He had the chief hand in the aſſaſſination of Cardinal Beaton, and was afterwards killed at a battle in Picardy, leaving no iſſue. He predeceaſed his father. See Buchanan; alſo Keith, Book I. page 50; Maitland, page 865; Douglas's Peerage, page 587. Charter produced 21ſt October 1542.

25. *Alexander Maſter of Hume,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1545, 1545, 1546, eldeſt ſon of George fourth Lord Hume. Douglas's Peerage, page 345; Crawford's Peerage, page 222.

26. *William Maſter of Forbes,*

Sat in the Parliament 1546, eldeſt ſon of John ſixth Lord Forbes. Douglas's Peerage, page 266; alſo charter produced 4th January 1538.

27. *Alexander Maſter of Glencairn,*

Sat in the Parliaments 1546, 1546, eldeſt ſon of William fourth Earl of Glencairn, Lord High Treaſurer of Scotland; he ſucceeded his father in 1547, and fought at the battle of Langſide on the part of the Regent. Officers of State, page 370; Douglas's Peerage, page 282; Spottiſwood's Hiſtory, book 5th, page 216; Charter produced 26th November 1526.

28. *James Maſter of Ogilvy,*

Sat in the Parliament 1546, ſon of James fourth Lord Ogilvy of Airly. Douglas's Peerage, page 14.; Crawford's Peerage, page 5.; Charter produced, 14th February 1539.

29. *George*

29. *George Maſter of Gordon,*

Sat in the Parliament 1558, eldeſt ſon of that George Earl of Huntly, who was killed at the battle of Corrichie, in which his third ſon, Sir John Gordon of Findlater, brother of the Maſter, was alſo engaged, and was, on that account, executed at Aberdeen.

Nota. The Eldeſt Son of the Earl of Huntly, was, even at this early period, ſometimes denominated Lord Gordon. See Chambre of Ormondes, l'etat de Nobleſſe en Ecoſſe, page 14. where it is ſaid, " Ducs, Comtes, et Seigneurs dicts My " Lords, avec leurs fils aiſnez, (appellés en Ecoſſe Maſters) " excepté le fils aiſné de Comte de Huntly, nomé *My Lord* " *Gordon*, et le fils aiſné du Comte d' Argyle, *My Lord Lorne*;" and there is accordingly produced a Charter in favour of George Lord Gordon, 11th Auguſt 1553.

30. *Gilbert Master of Caſſillis,*

Sat in the Parliament 1558, eldeſt ſon of Gilbert third Earl of Caſſilis, Lord High Treaſurer of Scotland; Douglas's Peerage, page 136.; Crawford's Peerage, page 75.

31. *William Maſter of Mariſchall,*

Sat in 1560, 1568, 1574, Eldeſt Son of William fourth Earl Mariſchall: He predeceaſed his father. See Douglas's Peerage, page 454; Crawford's Peerage, page 320.

32. *John Maſter of Maxwell of Terreagles,*

This perſon was the ſon of Robert fifth Lord Maxwell, and in 1560, when he ſat in the Convention, which eſtabliſhed the Reformation, he was the uncle of John ſeventh Lord Maxwell, an infant, and was himſelf denominated "John Maiſter of Maxwell of Terrigles, Knycht;" he was afterwards, in 1566, raiſed to the dignity of Lord Herries. See Douglas's Peerage, page 518; alſo Crawford's Peerage, page 372.

33. *Patrick Maſter of Lindſay,*

Sat in the Convention Parliament 1560, ſon of John ſixth Lord Lindſay of the Byres. See Douglas's Peerage, page 161; alſo Crawford's Peerage, page 86. Charter produced 11th November 1546.

34. *Hugh Maſter of Sommerville,*

Sat in the Convention Parliament 1560, eldeſt ſon of James ſixth Lord Sommerville. Douglas's Peerage, page 629.

35. *Henry Maſter of Sinclair,*

Sat in 1560, 1567, 1568, eldeſt ſon of William ſecond Lord Sinclair. Douglas's Peerage, page 622. Charter produced 24th November 1548.

36. *William Maſter of Glencairn,*

Sat in 1560, 1568, eldeſt ſon of Alexander fifth Earl of Glencairn. Douglas's Peerage, page 282. Charter produced penult of Auguſt 1549.

37. *John Maſter of Montroſe,*

Who ſat in the Parliaments 1567 and 1568, (during the life of William ſecond Earl of Montroſe, his grandfather), was the ſon of Robert Maſter of Montroſe before mentioned, who was killed at the battle of Pinkie in 1547. See Douglas's Peerage, page 483; Crawford's Peerage, page 339; alſo Officers of State, page 152.

38 *Patrick Master of Drummond,*

Sat in the Convention 1567, the eldeſt ſon of David ſecond Lord Drummond. Douglas's Peerage, page 551; and Crawford's Peerage, page 405.

39. *John Maſter of Herries,*

Sat in the Convention 1572, Eldeſt Son of John Maſter of Maxwell of Terreagles, who, in 1566, became Lord Herries as before mentioned. See Douglas's Peerage, page 520.

40. *Patrick Maſter of Gray,*

Sat in the Convention 1574, eldeſt ſon of Patrick fifth Lord Gray. Douglas's Peerage, page 314; and Crawford's Peerage, page 181. He was the father of the Maſter of Gray, who made a conſiderable figure during the reign of James VI.

41. *John*

41. *John Master of Forbes,*

Sat in the Convention 1575, the eldeſt ſon of William ſeventh Lord Forbes; during his father's life, he took an active hand in the feuds againſt the family of Huntly; and, in particular, commanded the Forbeses at the battle of the Crabſtane, 20th November 1571, where they were defeated by Adam Gordon, Huntly's brother. Buchanan, book 20, cap. 65.; Spottiſwood, book 5. page 259.; Douglas's Peerage, page 266.

42. *James Master of Rothes,*

Sat in the Convention 1577, Eldeſt Son of Andrew fifth Earl of Rothes, he predeceaſed his father. Douglas's Peerage, page 588; Crawford's Peerage, page 429.

43. *Alexander Master of Elphinstone,*

Sat in the Convention 1596, eldeſt ſon of Robert third Lord Elphinſtone, was appointed Lord High Treaſurer of Scotland, during the lifetime of his father. Douglas's Peerage, page 245; Crawford, page 136; Officers of State, page 396.